



FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the Times."

In St. Louis, yesterday, Mrs. Mike Walsh and Mrs. Tom Moran, wives of two laboring men, quarreled, and Mrs. Moran had her head cut and bruised. Last night after the men came home the quarrel was taken up by them, and Moran stabbed Walsh in the neck and left side, killing him almost instantly. Moran is not yet arrested.

Benton, the Washington safe burglar, is said to be willing to turn State's evidence in the event of a new trial, provided he is protected from prosecution. The whereabouts of Miles, Benton and Nettleship are known to the District Attorney, and it is thought they will be brought to Washington in a few days for trial.

The trial of the Georgia insurrectionists came to an end yesterday by the acquittal of Jack Hicks. Judge Johnson charged the jury that the evidence adduced was not sufficient to convict, and after half an hour's absence they returned a verdict of not guilty, after which all the other prisoners were discharged and the court adjourned.

In Gowanda, Chataaugus county, N. Y., yesterday, Chas. Blockney, an attorney, was met on the street by Lewis Darby, who drew a pistol and fired at him, killing him instantly. The murderer then fled to the woods and committed suicide by cutting his throat. No motive is given for the deed.

A tramp approached a farm house near Batavia, N. Y., Tuesday, called for food, and when the hired girl refused his demand, he shot her in the left arm, and attempted to fire a second time, but the girl got out of the way. The Sheriff, with about fifty deputies, are in pursuit.

Forest fires are raging in the neighborhood of Massena, New York, and have swept over a tract of country one mile wide by five miles in length. The flames have run through the swamps and fields of standing grain, and in many cases farmers have been compelled to abandon their dwellings.

The trial of Westervelt, charged with complicity in the abduction of the child, Charlie Ross, was continued at Philadelphia yesterday. Additional evidence was given tending to show Westervelt's intimate connection with the abductors of the child.

A report has reached New York that the fugitive murderer, Wm. J. Sharkey, has been banished from Cuba, and that he had been put on board a Spanish steamer, the captain of which received strict injunctions to land him in San Domingo.

The reported loss of life by the explosion in a celluloid factory in Newark on Wednesday evening was greatly exaggerated. Only one man was killed, and one other is missing, supposed to have been burned to death. All those injured will recover.

The Farmers and Mechanics' Conference which met at St. Louis, yesterday, had a very harmonious session, the Eastern delegates finally withdrawing. Only thirty-eight delegates out of two hundred who had signed the call were present.

John Green, who had been discharged in Washington on a charge of personating fraudulently John W. Edes, of Georgetown, was rearrested in Baltimore, yesterday, on the same charge.

Patrick Doyle, while intoxicated, threw his wife, Mary, from a window of their residence in Brooklyn, N. Y., yesterday, causing probably fatal injuries.

While the steamship Nova Scotia was coming up the Bay to Baltimore, yesterday, a child aged three years, crawled through the netting and falling overboard was drowned.

To-day being the anniversary of the battle of Lake Erie, Gov. Lippitt, of Rhode Island, has ordered salutes of one hundred guns to be fired at Providence and Newport.

Three fatal railway accidents occurred on the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, Wednesday night, all caused by the severe rainstorms that prevailed in the West.

The offer of the Pennsylvania Railway Company to run a fast mail train from New York to the South and West has been accepted by the Postoffice Department.

Gen. F. E. Spinner announces his acceptance of the Republican nomination for Comptroller of New York.

Virgil D. Stockbridge, of Maine, has been appointed Examiner-in-Chief in the Patent Office.

None of the Directors of the Bank of California were present at the meeting held in memory of Ralston.

A Milwaukee lumbering firm has suspended with liabilities of \$650,000.

The sub-treasurer at New York, yesterday, sold half a million of gold at 115.40.

## County Items.

[REPORTED FOR THE ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.]

Columbia School, in Arlington, Mr. J. R. Barnhouse, teacher, commenced Monday, with an attendance of about thirty scholars. Mr. B. has the reputation of being an able instructor, and it is to be hoped the year of 1875-'76, will be a brighter one in the annals of Columbia School.

There is much sickness in the county at present. A week ago Mr. Philip Wren, one of our most worthy citizens, died, after a very short illness, of typhoid fever. Mr. Harvey Ellis, who lately purchased a farm in Arlington, is sick with the same fever, and not expected to live.

The Republicans of the various Districts met Monday evening, the 13th inst., to elect delegates to the Nominating Convention that meets in Alexandria on the 15th inst. to nominate candidates to the House of Delegates. As to whom will be nominated, it is conceded that I. C. O'Neal will be renominated, but as to who the other will be time must tell.

A gentleman living in the county, long ago, had a fine buggy blanket stolen; the other day an idle wind discovered it to him, on the person of a colored woman, converted into a garment of underwear, and he, being exceedingly modest, did not make a reprisal.

Rev. Mr. Phelps preached in Arlington last Sunday, in his usual sincere and eloquent manner, to a church crowded.

The Canal Company will soon build a new bridge and the Arlington Turnpike Company don't object, for it is needed.

LITTLE'S LIVING AGE.—The numbers of The Living Age for September 4th and 11th contain Memoirs of Count de Segur, and The First Stewart in England, from the Quarterly Review; also, a Summer Scene, from Blackwood; The Mediterranean of Japan, and Prof. Cairnes, from the Fortnightly Review; Thomas Ellwood, from Leisure Hour; Hans Christian Andersen, from the Spectator; with instalments of "German Home Life," "Fated to be Free," and "The Dilemma," and the usual choice poetry and miscellany.

A new volume began July 1st. With fifty-two numbers, of sixty-four large pages each, (aggregating over 3000 pages a year) the subscription price (\$8) is low; or still better, for \$10.50 any one of the American \$4 monthlies or weeklies is sent with The Living Age for a year, both post-paid. Littell & Gay, Boston, Publishers.

## Washington Produce Exchange.

At a meeting of the Washington Produce Exchange, yesterday, Mr. Dutrow moved to reconsider the vote of the Exchange at the last meeting by which the Wenger brand of flour was inserted in the Price Current, and upon its passage also moved that the same be stricken from the list.

Mr. Ream spoke in opposition to the motion, and asked Mr. Dutrow what was his object in having it expunged.

Mr. Dutrow offered as his reason that he did not think it was right to advertise any particular brand of flour in the Price Current.

Mr. Ream, the agent for the flour, said that it was not his object to advertise it, but he doubted the right of the Exchange to reconsider action on such an important question without due notice as is constitutionally provided.

The Chair decided that the consideration of the question was in order, and on the putting of the question it was voted that the Wenger be stricken from the list.

Mr. Ream moved to reconsider the vote by which the Wenger was expunged from the Price Current, (which motion was not seconded), and asked the three gentlemen who voted in the affirmative to give their reasons for so doing, and he would take their arguments as a basis upon which to reply.

Mr. Spindle then moved to reconsider the vote by which the brand had been expunged, which was agreed to.

Mr. Spindle said he would give other reasons for voting in the affirmative than merely to recapitulate what had been said by Mr. Dutrow. The Exchange might as well quote Welch's and other brands as the Wenger.

Mr. Ream asked how it affected Mr. Spindle.

Mr. Spindle did not recognize the right of Mr. Ream, or that of any gentleman, to demand the reasons for voting in the affirmative. Mr. Wenger would not want it quoted, for it would put up the price of wheat in Rockingham county.

Mr. Ream said that in an Exchange all questions were expected to be discussed freely from a business standpoint, and that the inquiry was made for the purpose of bringing out the fullest expression, and it was not a case in which a man was called to account in a personal matter.

The fallacy of the gentleman's statement in regard to affecting the price of wheat in Rockingham county lies in this—that there are one hundred or more millers in the county, who say to the farmers, "We will pay you so much for wheat," and then give Mr. Wenger the choice, "I will give 50c more for the choice," leaving the general market price to be fixed by a majority of the millers, and not by Mr. Wenger.

On the contrary, it was not only an advantage and a justice to Wenger to have the question stated, but it was also a benefit to those parties who have claimed that they have equality as good a brand. The difference in the price of wheat in Rockingham county was wholly attributable to the quality of the grain, for which no member of the Exchange could be held responsible. Was this Exchange organized to bow to the fancies of the people in the country, or to make the fair and legitimate quotations to the market?

Mr. Saum said he had a flour equal to any in the District of Columbia, and, if questioned as to its being as good as the Wenger, he would answer that it was not only equal, but superior, and sold lower. He had no argument to offer against present rates, but they were allowing (by specifying the Wenger) a privilege to one manufacturer which they were not granting to others. If any gentleman wanted to advertise his flour, let him carry the business to the paid columns of the newspapers, where it belongs.

Mr. Ream explained that Wenger could not come under standard family brands, as it was an \$8.50 flour without range, while standard families were \$7.50-7.75. It demanded a separate place in the report, unless "standards" were raised to \$8.50. He inquired if it was the intention of the Exchange to attempt to damage him by expunging it from the report.

Mr. Saum said not to the least; that was not his idea of the correct way of doing business. It was only his desire to specify no particular manufacturer; Mr. Wenger knew that.

Mr. Spindle also disclaimed any intention whatever of damaging Mr. Ream or Mr. Wenger. He had accepted too many hospitalities of the former to attempt anything of that kind. But when he made the motion to reconsider he did it with the intention that the whole question was to be disposed of summarily, as he had a private engagement.

Mr. Ream willingly excused Mr. Spindle on the plea of a personal engagement, but could not submit to being summarily expunged. He stood there as the agent of Mr. Wenger in defense of his interests, and at this juncture "demanded" of the Exchange for the first time to do the market justice as constitutionally provided.

Mr. Saum said it was advertised in a newspaper and appeared in its commercial reports, for which Mr. Ream, and no one else, received the benefit, and that was sufficient.

Mr. Ream said it was the custom of commercial editors and exchanges to specify, once a week or oftener, the principal brands of flour in the market, but he had never known of an instance of payment being made for their appearance in the reports. It was never considered or treated as paid matter by exchanges or those reporting for newspapers.

Mr. Saum claimed that Mr. Ream was no longer entitled to the floor by the clause which prevented any gentleman's speaking more than once on one subject except by consent.

The Chair decided that the point was well taken.

The main question on expunging the Wenger from the report was then called, and by a vote of four to two it was dropped from a place on the Price Current.

A motion was here made to adjourn.

Mr. Ream hoped the Exchange would not adjourn for a few moments, as he had a paper to introduce.

While Mr. Ream was preparing his paper, (understood to be his withdrawal from the Exchange), the motion to adjourn was renewed, put to a vote by the chair, and declared carried, and the Exchange adjourned.

How THE NORTH CAROLINA CONVENTION WAS ORGANIZED.—The North Carolina Constitutional Convention balloted thirteen times for a president without effecting an election, the vote being within one of a tie between Dr. Ransom, democrat, and Judge Dockery, republican, while one scattering vote, cast by an independent, made a perfect dead-lock. When the fourteenth ballot was called for Dr. Ransom arose and said:

"This balloting has gone on long enough. I have not sought this position; I do not desire it; I have cast my vote twice to defeat myself; I to the people seem to desire that this convention shall be organized. I have made every effort to effect a compromise; failing in this, I now cast my vote, let the consequences be what they will, for Edward Ransom, of Tyrrell county, as president of this convention."

The ballot was announced—Ransom 60, Dockery 58, Darham 1, so the dead-lock was ended by Dr. Ransom voting for himself, Dockery voting for Darham.

DEATH FROM AN OPIATE.—In Richmond, Va., on Monday evening, Miss Bettie Tinsley, an estimable lady and sister of Mr. J. B. Tinsley, manager of Jordan Alum Springs, died suddenly from an overdose of opium administered by herself. She had for a long time suffered from physical ailments requiring the use of opiates, and on Monday evening, in attempting to dose herself, soon after the physician had left her, accidentally took so much that all efforts to revive her were unsuccessful.

## Fairfax Primary Election.

The following is the official vote cast at the primary election held in this county on the 7th instant to nominate a candidate of the Conservative party for the next House of Delegates.

Precincts.	Cockeille	Machen	Millan	Pugh	Low	Scatterling
Centerville	46	18	13	28	2	.....
Clifton	21	1	1	25	.....	.....
Arundell's	10	8	7	1	2	1
Bayliss	17	8	7	1	.....	.....
Accotink	7	12	.....	5	.....	.....
Pullman's	4	8	1	7	.....	.....
Deavers	5	9	2	.....	.....	.....
West End	7	7	4	6	.....	15
Falls Church	4	26	.....	1	.....	.....
Court House	2	.....	2	6	1	.....
Vienna	9	10	.....	24	.....	.....
Langley	20	1	2	15	.....	.....
Thornton's	12	8	2	31	.....	.....
Springvale	16	6	2	1	55	.....
Thompson's	11	6	1	11	5	.....
	212	133	66	99	113	16

I therefore declare R. H. Cockeille the duly elected candidate of the Conservative party for the House of Delegates at the ensuing election, he having received the highest number of votes.

THOS. MOORE, County Supt.

To the editor of the Alexandria Gazette:

A paragraph in the Gazette, of yesterday, tells us that ex President James Monroe lies buried in a grave yard at Leesburg! Col. James Monroe died in the city of New York at the residence of his son to-law, Gouverneur Morris, was buried in that city. A few years subsequent to his death, his body was disinterred, and brought to the city of Richmond, under the escort of the 7th regiment of New York city, and re-buried with great pomp and ceremony—Gov. Wise delivering the panegyric—in Hollywood Cemetery, the State erecting a magnificent mausoleum over his remains. His body now lies in the southwest portion of that "lovely city of the dead."

And now, from "the sublime to the ridiculous"—A few days ago a paragraph copied from a New York paper, appeared in the Gazette, in which it was stated that "John A. Seaton enjoyed the confidence of his fellow citizens of Alexandria to such an extent, that when he was elected to the Board of Aldermen, he was appointed by the votes of his fellows as chairman of the Finance Committee," &c. &c. Well, to our esteemed Hibernian friend referred to in this article, I would say, "John A. Seaton, a good citizen in his sphere, and was perhaps, in common with many of his race who "were natives and to the manner born," and who conducted themselves with propriety during "times that tried men's souls," thought well of by his Caucasian friends—but he owed his election to the Board of Aldermen entirely to the fact that in his ward Bishops was largely the preponderating element and class. So much for the truth of history!

ALFRED WRIGHT, better known in this community as "Giltmore's Alfred," died in this town on Friday night last, in about the 70th year of his age. "Uncle Alfred" was for many years a preacher in the Old School Baptist Church, and if those to whom he broke the bread of life in his plain, simple minded, unpretending way, will but profit by the example he has left them of holy living, well will it be with them. Quiet, respectful and polite in his daily walk and conversation, he was universally respected, as well by the whites, as those of his own race and he died in the enjoyment of the fullest confidence and respect of all who knew him.

On Sunday he was buried by the colored benevolent society, of which organization he was a member, and his funeral was one of the largest, for one of his color, that we have ever seen in this town.—*Louisiana Mirror.*

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.—A call has been issued by the "Sunday School of All Denominations of the City of Richmond," for a grand Sunday School Convention of all denominations, to be held in Richmond, beginning the 6th day of October next. Every Sunday School, of every Evangelical denomination, is authorized and requested to send one delegate. All ministers of the Gospel of every denomination are ex officio members of the Convention. The committee of arrangements request that these delegates be elected at once, and their names sent to Charles P. Raby, Secretary, Richmond, Virginia.

ADVANCE IN THE PRICE OF SUMAC.—Owing to the protracted rains of July and August, much of the early gathering of Sumac could not be cured, and parties were unable even to gather on account of the rains and the want of sun to dry. The result is that the crop this year will fall greatly below that of some years past. The scarcity has already caused an advance to the Richmond market, from one dollar to one dollar and twenty five cents per hundred pounds.—*Fredericksburg Herald.*

GEN. JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON.—The Atlanta (Ga.) Herald states, on what it regards as reliable authority, that Gen. Joseph E. Johnston has received and accepted the appointment as chief of the Egyptian army. It further says that Gen. Johnston is to get \$100,000 to prepare himself an outfit, and is to receive a sum of \$25,000 annually for having supreme control of the army of the Khedive of Egypt.

NORTHERN VISITORS.—The Mayor of Richmond, Va., has received a notification that an excursion party of about two hundred ladies and gentlemen from Bridgeport, Conn., is now en route to that city. The party will visit Fortress Monroe, Norfolk, Petersburg, Richmond, Yorktown, Fredericksburg, Mt. Vernon and Washington.

PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH BOARD. Terms moderate. 100 Duke st. se 10-2w

FIFTY BBLs REFINED SUMAC for sale very low by

G. W. M. RAMSAY, sep 10 Corner King and St. Asaph streets.

GREEN GINGER, Pure Spices and Pure Elder Vinegar for sale by

G. W. M. RAMSAY, sep 10 Corner King and St. Asaph streets.

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.

We have just received a large assortment of PLAIN AND FANCY CASSIMERES, Foreign and Domestic.

We invite those in want of Clothing of any kind to examine our stock. We can make up suits at short notice, and guarantee a fit. Our prices are reasonable.

sep 9 D. F. WITMER CO.

POTOMAC HERRING!

100 bbls. Family Roe Herring; 50 bbls. No. 1 Herring; 25 half bbls Family Roe Herring; and 25 kits of Spiced Shad Roe.

In store and for sale at market rates by

W. A. JOHNSON, sep 6 cor. Pitt and Queen streets.

SLED WHEAT.

FULTZ, LANCASTER AND WHITE, of choice quality, for sale by

GEO. Y. WORTHINGTON, sep 9-1m Pioneer Mills.

SUGARS!

Porto Rico, Demarara, A and C Crushed, Granulated, Pulverized, and other refined Sugars, for sale by

W. A. JOHNSON, sep 8 41, cor. Pitt and Queen sts.

NEW CUCUMBER PICKLES just received

by [sep 9] J. C. & E. MILBURN.

## MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

In business circles, outside of the grain trade, there is nothing special of interest to note, and the stagnation which has existed for so long still holds sway. Money matters are about as last quoted, and while there is no pressing demand the market is by means "easy." In New York the market shows no change, call loans being 2 1/2 per cent, and the most common quotations for good mercantile paper being 5 1/2 per cent. In State securities there is but little doing. Sales yesterday of \$1000 Virginia consols at 64 1/2; \$1000 do. at 64 1/2, and \$16,000 do. at 64 1/2. Railroad securities are dull, and we hear of no sales of locals, and quote:

Orange, Alex. & Man., 7s. .... Bid. Ask. 77 78

Orange & Alex., 8s, 3d. .... 77 78

Orange & Alex., 8s, 4th. .... 57 58

Alexandria Market, September 10.

FLOUR, Fine. .... 4 50 @ 4 75

Superfine. .... 5 50 @ 5 75

Extra. .... 6 25 @ 6 75

Family. .... 6 25 @ 6 75

WHEAT, common to fair. .... 1 10 @ 1 15

Good to prime. .... 1 25 @ 1 30

Choice. .... 1 35 @ 1 36

CORN, white. .... 3 77 @ 3 78

Mixed. .... 3 77 @ 3 78

RYE. .... 3 78 @ 3 79

OATS. .... 3 30 @ 3 50

CHICKENS. .... 1 50 @ 3 00

BUTTER, prime. .... 20 @ 23

Common to middling. .... 0 15 @ 0 20

EGGS. .... 0 17 @ 0 18

IRISH POTATOES. .... 7 00 @ 8 00

TIMOTHY SEED. .... 3 00 @ 3 10

BACON, Hams, country. .... 0 12 @ 0 13

Western. .... 0 16 @ 0 17

Sides. .... 0 14 1/2 @ 0 15

Shoulders. .... 0 11 @ 0 11 1/2

LARD. .... 0 16 @ 0 16 1/2

PLASTER, ground, per ton. .... 7 00 @ 8 00

Ground, in bags or bbls. .... 9 50 @ 0 01

Ground, in bags, red'd. .... 8 50 @ 0 00

Lump. .... 3 25 @ 3 75

SALT, G. A. (Liverpool). .... 1 15 @ 1 25

Fine. .... 2 05 @ 2 15

Thick Island. .... 0 30 @ 0 40

Wool, unwashed. .... 0 30 @ 0 35

Washed. .... 0 42 @ 0 45

SUMAC. .... 1 00 @ 0 00

REMARKS.—Flour is dull and drooping; receipts are light, and prices have suffered a decline of 25c on all grades. The receipts of wheat are large, the market is dull and prices are fully 5c lower; offerings of 7111 bushels, with sales of white at 100 for inferior, and 120 for fair, and red at 71 and 90 for damaged, 112 for ordinary, 120, 122, 125, 130, 133 and 135, latter for choice. We have no change to note in Corn; there is a moderate demand at yesterday's quotations; offerings of 1434 bushels, with sales of mixed at 77 and 78, and yellow at 78. Rye is quiet and unchanged; sales at 80. Oats are dull and declining; offerings of 1,24 bushels, with sales at 50, 45, 46 and 48. The total offerings of Grain on Change for the week ending to-day were: Wheat 25,140, Corn 6191, Oats 3012, and Rye 501 bushels. Butter is more plentiful, and the market is dull except for choice lots. Eggs are scarce and in demand. Poultry is quiet. Bacon is very firm, with a strong tendency of prices upward. Timothy Seed is in brisk demand. Salt and Plaster are unchanged.

ALEXANDRIA CATTLE MARKET, Sept. 10.—The arrivals of Beef Cattle this week were about equal to those of the week previous, and prices showed very little change; sales at 34c per lb for poor to fair, no strictly prime being on the market. Calves in fair supply and selling at 54c to 7c per lb. There was a good supply of Sheep and Lambs, the former selling at 4-6c per lb, and the latter at 2-5c \$4.50 per lb. Hogs are quiet, with sales at 10c \$11. There were but few Cows and Calves offered, and sold at 25c \$50.

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET, Sept. 9, 1875. Receipts—Receipts 1900 head. Poor to prime native steers ranged from 9 to 15c, dressed; ordinary to fair Texas and Cherokee cattle from 8 to 9c. Neither drovers nor butchers boast of large profits in the business, and the condition of the trade is by no means satisfactory. The finest Cattle now come from Kentucky and the worst natives from Missouri and Colorado. The foreign Cattle are free from any marks of disease, but are mainly through Texas direct from the plains, and desirable.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 3321 head, more than one half Lambs. The demand was strong for good stock, and the market was moderately active at fully sustained prices. Poor to extra Sheep ranged from 4c to 6c per lb, and common to prime Lambs from 6-8c per lb.

Hogs—Receipts 4080 head, all consigned direct to slaughterers. Nothing doing in live Hogs for lack of offerings, but a fair inquiry, and dealers give the nominal quotations at 8 1/2c per lb, alive, for fair corn fed. Dressed Hogs closed dull and weak at 10-10 1/2c per lb.

CHICAGO CATTLE MARKET, Sept. 9.—Cattle—Receipts 2800; market fairly active under a scare of supply; extra Steers 6 40-6 75; common to good 5 50-6 50; Texas 2 75-3 75; choice sold at 5c; Sheep—Receipts 500; market weak; sales mostly at 7-7 1/2c; light 7 25-8 50; heavy 7 50-8 50; 60; 70;